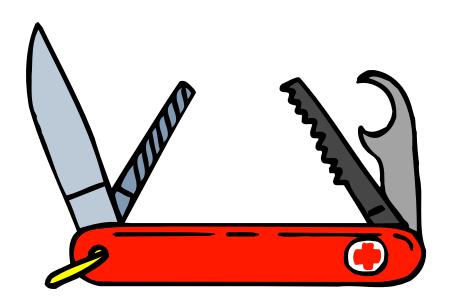
DFSORT and ICETOOL

KOIRUG - May 2007



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TOPICS

Introduction to the DFSORT Program Product

DFSORT

- How to execute DFSORT
- DFSORT Program Control Statements
- DFSORT Examples

ICETOOL

- How to execute ICETOOL
- ICETOOL Program Control Statements
- ICETOOL Examples

Hints and Tips

References

The information and sample code provided in this presentation have not been submitted to any formal testing and are provided on an "as is" basis without any warranty either expressed or implied. Recipients attempting to implement or adapt these techniques to their own environments do so at their own risk.

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INTRODUCTION

"DFSORT is IBM's high-performance sort, merge, copy, and analysis reporting product for z/OS."

DFSORT is a licensed program and is part of the IBM Data Facility family of products

What functions can you use DFSORT for?

Sort Change the sequence of data

Copy Duplicate data

Merge Combine multiple sources of data

Expand Create multiple files from one input file

Filter Select subsets of data

Reformat Create new records from existing data

INTRODUCTION

"ICETOOL is a multipurpose DFSORT utility that uses the capabilities of DFSORT to perform multiple operations on one or more data sets in a single step."

ICETOOL is a component of the DFSORT product

What is ICETOOL used for?

- Generating Reports
- Statistical Analysis
- Performing multiple DFSORT functions in a single job step

DFSORT

DFSORT EXECUTION

How is DFSORT Invoked?

- With an EXEC job control statement in the input stream using the name of the program or the name of a cataloged procedure
- Called from a compiled program written in Assembler, COBOL, PL/I or REXX
- Called from a CLIST or REXX exec under TSO
- Called by the ICETOOL utility
- Through interactive panels supported under ISPF and ISMF

DFSORT EXECUTION

Basic DD Statements

SORTIN Input File containing records to be processed

SORTOUT Output File to be created by DFSORT

• SYSIN Specify most DFSORT control statements

• DFSPARM Specify certain overrides and all control statements

• SYSOUT DFSORT Processing Messages

• SORTWKnn Optional intermediate storage datasets for a sort

outfil OUTFIL output datasets which replace SORTOUT

DFSORT EXECUTION

Sample JCL for invoking DFSORT:

DFSORT Control Statements

Most Commonly Used DFSORT Program Control Statements

SORT INCLUDE

OPTION OUTFIL

Less Commonly Used

ALTSEQ DEBUG

END INREC

MERGE OMIT

OUTREC MODS

RECORD SUM

DFSORT Control Statements

In order to code control statements you must know the structure of SORTIN file

- Record layout as to location and length of data fields
- Format of any fields you need to reference (e.g., character, binary)
- DCB RECFM Fixed or Variable
 - Variable length records are prefixed by a 4-byte length field; when working with variable length records, add 4 to field starting positions

Basic control statement syntax

- Statements must be coded in columns 2 to 72
- Any statement ending in comma, semicolon, or colon implies a continuation, as does a non-blank character in column 72
- A line with an asterisk (*) in column 1 is treated as a comment
- Blank lines are ignored

DFSORT EXAMPLE

EXAMPLE: Create a file with all members of RACF group SYS1 sequenced with the most recent connection dates to SYS1 first

```
//SORTIN
           DD DSN=MY.IRRDBU00.RACF.UNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
          DD DSN=MY.USERIDS.SORTED, DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
              UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
//
              DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=4096, BLKSIZE=0)
//DFSPARM DD *
OPTION VLSHRT
//SYSIN
           DD *
SORT FIELDS=(57,10,CH,D,10,8,CH,A)
INCLUDE COND=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0205',AND,
               19,8,CH,EQ,'SYS1 ')
OUTREC FIELDS=(1,4,57,10,15:X'40',10,8)
//SYSOUT
          DD SYSOUT=*
```

DFSORT Control Statements

DFSORT requires at least one control statement to specify the operation that the user wishes performed

Sort Operation SORT statement

Copy Operation SORT FIELDS=COPY statement

Merge Operation MERGE statement

Only one operation may be performed in each execution of DFSORT

Records can be reformatted both before and after sorting using INREC and OUTREC

DFSORT Control Statements - SORT

SORT Statement - controls the sequence of output records

Control-Field: start,length,format,order (e.g., 110,5,CH,A)

Format: 30 possible formats (e.g., CH - Character)

Order: <u>A</u>scending | <u>D</u>escending

If all fields are the same format, a single FORMAT operand can be used in lieu of coding the format in each Control Field

Combined length of all sort fields must not exceed 4092 bytes

DFSORT Control Statements - SORT

SORT Statement Examples:

SORT FIELDS=(57,10,CH,D,10,8,CH,A) SORT FIELDS=(57,10,D,10,8,A),FORMAT=CH

Control Field 1:

- Starts in position 57
- Contains 10 bytes of character data
- Is to be sorted in descending sequence

Control Field 2:

- Starts in position 10
- Contains 8 bytes of character data
- Is to be sorted in ascending sequence

DFSORT Control Statements - SORT

Consider an input file containing RACF IRRDBU00 Unload Type 0205 User Connection records for Group SYS1:

Record Type Start=1,Length=4

Userid Start=6,Length=8

Group Start=15,Length=8

. . .

Last-Connect-Date Start=53,Length=10

Example: Sort the records by Userid in ascending sequence within connection date in descending sequence

SORT FIELDS=(57,10,D,10,8,A),FORMAT=CH

DFSORT Control Statements - COPY

COPY Statement - requested by specifying the FIELDS=COPY operand with the SORT statement

SORT FIELDS=COPY

Other control statements which are commonly used in conjunction with a copy operation are:

- INCLUDE
- OUTFIL
- OUTREC

DFSORT Control Statements

Record selection statements

INCLUDE Specifies that only records whose fields meet certain

criteria are included

OMIT Specifies that any records whose fields meet certain

criteria are excluded

OUTFIL Specifies the subsets of records to be included or

omitted in multiple output data sets

INCLUDE statement

```
INCLUDE COND=(Logical-Test1 [ ,AND | OR, ... ,Logical-Testn ])
[ ,FORMAT=format ]
```

Types of Logical Tests

- Comparison Test
- Substring Comparison Test
- Bit Logic
- Numeric
- Date

When comparing a field to a constant, pad the constant to ensure it is the same length as the field (e.g., C'SYS1 ')

INCLUDE Statement - Comparison Test

Start, Length, Format, Test, Test-Value

Test: EQ Equal

NE Not Equal

GT Greater Than

GE Greater Than or Equal To

LT Less Than

LE Less Than or Equal To

Test-value: string | start,length,format

String: Character - C'value' Hexadecimal - X'hex-value'

Examples: 5,4,CH,EQ,C'0200'

10,8,CH,EQ,30,8,CH

INCLUDE Statement - Substring (SS) Comparison Test

- Find a string within a field
- Find field contents within a set of strings

Start, Length, SS, Test, Test-Value[s]

Test: EQ, NE

Separate multiple Test-Values with a character that is not likely to appear in the field to be tested (e.g., comma)

Examples: INCLUDE COND=(10,44,SS,EQ,C'*')

INCLUDE COND=(19,8,SS,EQ,C'SYS1 ,SYS2 ')

INCLUDE COND=(5,4,SS,NE,C'0205,0203,0200')

INCLUDE Statement - AND and OR

- AND all conditions must be met
- OR any one of several conditions must be met
- ANDs are evaluated before ORs
- Expressions inside parentheses are evaluated first
- The number of tests is limited only by available storage
- Characters '&' and '|' can be used for 'AND' and 'OR' respectively

DFSORT Control Statements - OUTFIL

OUTFIL Statement - instructs DFSORT to write selected records to output files other than SORTOUT

```
OUTFIL FNAMES=ddname,Operand1[,Operand2, . . . ,Operandn]
```

Operands: INCLUDE | OMIT | SAVE | ...

Processing Considerations:

- Use of OUTFIL overrides default of SORTOUT as an output file
- Multiple OUTFIL statements are allowed
- Each OUTFIL can have different filtering specifications
- FILES=ddname can be used instead of FNAMES=ddname
- A DD statement ddname is required for each FNAMES= | FILES=
- SAVE collects any records not selected by other OUTFIL statements

DFSORT Control Statements - OUTFIL

OUTFIL example: Create three output files containing:

- All 0100 Group Records
- All Userid (0200) and Connection (0205) records
- All other records

```
//SORTIN
             DD
                      DSN=RACF.UNLD,DISP=SHR
//OUTDD1
             DD
                      DSN=RACF.UNLD.R100.RECS,DISP=...
//OUTDD2
             DD
                      DSN=RACF.UNLD.R200#205.RECS,DISP=...
//OUTDD3
             DD
                      DSN=RACF.UNLD.EVERY.THING.ELSE,DISP=...
//SYSIN
             DD
SORT FIELDS=COPY
OUTFIL FNAMES=OUTDD1,INCLUDE=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0100')
OUTFIL FNAMES=OUTDD2,INCLUDE=(5,4,SS,EQ,C'0200,0205')
OUTFIL FNAMES=OUTDD3,SAVE
```

DFSORT Control Statements - OPTION

OPTION statement - directs DFSORT to use program options which override installation defaults

OPTION Option1 [,Option2, ...,Optionn]

Considerations:

- There are over 35 different options which may be specified
- Certain Options can only be specified via the DFSPARM DD statement
- Only necessary when you want to override installation defaults
 - SYSOUT DD output OPTIONS: lines list the installation defaults

DFSORT Control Statements - OPTION

Commonly used DFSORT OPTIONs:

VLSHRT Continue processing if a variable length record is too

short to contain one of the sort fields or one of the

OMIT/INCLUDE fields

VLSCMP Pad short OMIT/INCLUDE fields with binary zeroes

SORTIN=ddname Use a DDNAME other than SORTIN as the input file for

a SORT or COPY operation

DYNALLOC=(d,n) Dynamically allocate n SORTWKnn work datasets on

DASD devices d (e.g., DYNALLOC=(SYSDA,4))

EQUALS Maintain the existing sequence of records when

control fields are equal

SKIPREC=*n* Skip first *n* records before starting processing

STOPAFT=*n* Read only the first *n* records from input (useful in

testing)

DFSORT Control Statements

Less Commonly Used DFSORT Control Statements

ALTSEQ Change collating sequence

DEBUG Problem diagnosis

END Stop reading control statements

INREC Reformat records before sorting

MERGE Combine similar files

OMIT Mutually exclusive with INCLUDE

OUTREC Reformat records after sorting

MODS Specify User Exits

RECORD Describe type and length of records

SUM Total fields on equal records

DFSORT Constraints

Must know record layouts

Must add 4 to start positions for variable length record fields

Only one operation per job step

Lack of reporting facilities

Limited statistical information

ICETOOL

ICETOOL

How is ICETOOL Invoked?

- With an EXEC job control statement in the input stream using the name of the program or the name of a cataloged procedure
- Called from a compiled program written in Assembler, COBOL, PL/I or REXX
- Called from a CLIST or REXX exec under TSO

ICETOOL EXECUTION

Basic DD Statements

TOOLIN ICETOOL Control Statements

• TOOLMSG ICETOOL Messages

xxxxCNTL DFSORT Control Statements

• DFSMSG DFSORT Processing Messages

• indd Input data set

outdd Output data set for COPY, SELECT, or SORT

savedd Output dataset for SELECT

listdd List output dataset for DEFAULTS, DISPLAY, or OCCUR

xxxxCNTL in ICETOOL is used like DFSPARM with DFSORT - to pass control statements to DFSORT

 Multiple xxxxCNTL DD statements are allowed, enabling multiple sort operations to be performed in one ICETOOL job step

ICETOOL EXECUTION

Sample JCL for invoking ICETOOL:

```
//jobname JOB Statement
...
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=ICETOOL,REGION=300M
//TOOLIN DD *
ICETOOL Control Statements
//TOOLMSG DD SYSOUT=*
//DFSMSG DD SYSOUT=*
//DFSMSG DD SYSOUT=*

//EXXXCNTL DD *
DFSORT Option Overrides and Program Control Statements
//indd DD DSN=RACF.UNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//outdd DD DSN=INTERIM.COPY.SORT.OUTPUT,DISP=...
//listdd DD DSN=REPORT.OUTPUT,DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),...
```

ICETOOL Control Statements

Commonly Used ICETOOL Operators

COPY SORT Record selection

DISPLAY OCCUR Report generation

MODE COUNT Processing control

Other ICETOOL Operators

DEFAULTS RANGE

SELECT SPLICE

STATS UNIQUE

VERIFY

Basic control statement syntax

- Statements must be coded in columns 1 to 72
- Continuation can be indicated by a hyphen (-) after the operator or after any operand

ICETOOL Control Statements - COPY

COPY operator - copy an input dataset to one or more output datasets (up to 10); each output dataset can be built with different DFSORT specifications

COPY FROM(indd) [USING(xxxx)] [TO(outdd1[, ...,outdd10])]

Optionally provide USING along with COPY specifications in xxxxCNTL DD statement

Must include either USING or TO to specify output files

- USING and TO may be used in combination
- If USING not specified, all records are copied

Can specify output datasets by either:

- TO(outdd) on COPY operator
- OUTFIL FNAMES=outdd in xxxxCNTL statements

ICETOOL Control Statements - COPY

COPY Examples: Select various unload record types

```
//STEPICE EXEC PGM=ICETOOL, REGION=100M
//RACFDB
          DD DSN=RLW.R16DBUA, DISP=SHR
//USERDD
          DD DSN=RLW.SORTOUT, DISP=SHR
//TOOLIN
          DD *
 COPY FROM(RACFDB) USING(C400) TO(R0400)
 COPY FROM(RACFDB) USING(CSEL)
            DD *
//C400CNTL
 INCLUDE COND=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0400')
 OPTION VLSHRT
//CSELCNTL
             DD *
 OUTFIL FNAMES=R0500, INCLUDE=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0500')
 OUTFIL FNAMES=R0505, INCLUDE=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0505')
 OPTION VLSHRT
//R0400
            DD DSN=RLW.R0400RCD, DISP=...
//R0500
            DD DSN=RLW.R0500RCD,DISP=...
//R0505
            DD DSN=RLW.R0505RCD,DISP=...
```

ICETOOL Control Statements - SORT

SORT operator - sorts an input dataset to one or more output datasets

SORT FROM(indd) USING(xxxx) [TO(outdd)]

USING is required and must provide SORT specifications in xxxxCNTL DD statement

Can specify output dataset by either:

- TO(outdd) on SORT operator
- OUTFIL FNAMES=outdd in xxxxCNTL statements

ICETOOL Control Statements - SORT

SORT Example: Select 0205 User Connect records and sort by USERID within Group

ICETOOL Control Statements - DISPLAY

DISPLAY operator - prints the values of specified fields to a separate dataset

```
DISPLAY FROM(indd) LIST(listdd) -

[ PAGE TITLE('string') DATE[(format)] TIME[(format)] - ]

[ BLANK - ]

ON(start,length,format) [ - ]

[ HEADER('string' | NONE) - ]
```

PAGE Print page number, automatically formatted as: -#-

BLANK Prints numerics right justified, no leading 0s or + sign

ON Report data column (up to 20)

HEADER Column heading (up to 50 characters)

The ON and HEADER statements are paired in the sequence coded The maximum output line length is 2048 bytes

ICETOOL Control Statements - DISPLAY

DISPLAY Example: Print Userid, User Name, and Last Logon Date from an extract of RACF Database Unload 0200 records

```
//STEPICE EXEC PGM=ICETOOL
//RACFDB DD DSN=YOUR.RACF.UNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//USERDD
          DD DSN=YOUR.RACF.USERIDS,DISP=SHR
//LISTOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//TOOLIN
          DD *
COPY FROM(RACFDB) TO(USERDD) USING(ICE1)
DISPLAY FROM(USERDD) LIST(LISTOUT) -
PAGE TITLE('LAST LOGON REPORT') DATE TIME -
HEADER('USERID') ON(10,8,CH) -
HEADER('USER NAME') ON(79,20,CH) -
HEADER('LAST LOGON') ON(118,10,CH)
//ICE1CNTL
               DD *
 INCLUDE COND=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0200')
 OPTION VLSHRT
```

ICETOOL Control Statements - DISPLAY

- 1 -	LAST LOGON REPORT	04/20/07	08:24:41
USERID	USER NAME	LAST LOGON	
\$OEDFLU	OE-USS DEFAULT USER	₹	
irrcerta	CERTAUTH Anchor		
irrmulti	Criteria Anchor		
irrsitec	SITE Anchor		
ANONYMO	################	## 2005-06-02	
BPXOINIT	BPXOINIT		
CICSUSER	CICSUSER	2004-04-08	
CLRLOG	LOGREC CLEAR	2006-05-15	
DSN1WLM1	################	‡ #	
FTPD	FTPD	2006-12-18	
IBMUSER		2006-10-05	
INETD	INETD		
INTERNAL	#################	# #	

ICETOOL Control Statements - OCCUR

OCCUR operator - Prints each unique value for specified numeric or character fields and how many times it occurs

```
OCCUR FROM(indd) LIST(listdd) -

[ PAGE TITLE('string') DATE[(format)] TIME[(format)] - ]

[ BLANK - ]

ON(start,length,format | VALCNT) [ - ]

[ HEADER('string' | NONE) - ]

[ HIGHER(n) ]
```

ON Report data columns (up to 10)

ON(VALCNT) Display count of instances of occurrence

HIGHER(n) Only list those instances with a count higher than n

Combination of all ON data items is used as an instance for counting

ICETOOL Control Statements - OCCUR

OCCUR Example - List CICS OPIDENTs assigned to more than 1 USERID, and a count of how many for each OPIDENT

```
//STEPICE EXEC PGM=ICETOOL
//RACFDB
          DD DSN=YOUR.RACF.UNLOAD,DISP=SHR
//USERDD
          DD DSN=&&SORT, DISP=(NEW, DELETE, DELETE),...
//REPORT DD SYSOUT=*
//TOOLIN DD *
SORT FROM(RACFDB) TO(USERDD) USING(OPID)
OCCUR FROM(USERDD) LIST(REPORT) -
DATE TIME PAGE TITLE('SHARED CICS OPIDENTS') -
BLANK -
HEADER('OPID') ON(19,3,CH) -
HEADER('# USERS') ON(VALCNT) -
HIGHER(1)
//OPIDCNTL
              DD *
 SORT FIELDS=(19,3,CH,A)
 INCLUDE COND=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0230',AND,19,3,CH,NE,C'
                                                     1)
 OPTION VLSHRT
```

ICETOOL Control Statements - OCCUR

05/20/07	09:00:24	- 1 -	SHARED	CICS	OPIDEN:
OPID	# USERS				
C01	2				
PAY	4				
WWW	18				

ICETOOL Control Statements - MODE

MODE operator - controls ICETOOL error checking and processing after error detection

MODE STOP | CONTINUE | SCAN

STOP (Default) Discontinue processing if a

return code of 12 or 16 is returned

CONTINUE Continue processing even if a return

code of 12 or 16 is returned

SCAN Scan the statements for errors but

not to invoke DFSORT

MODE can be specified multiple times during ICETOOL execution to govern processing of subsequent operators

ICETOOL Control Statements - COUNT

COUNT operator - print a message in the TOOLMSG DD statement output showing the number of records, or subset of records, on the file

COUNT FROM(indd) [USING(xxxx)]

Optionally provide USING along with record selection criteria in xxxxCNTL DD statement to count subset of records

```
COUNT FROM(indd) USING(xxxx)
//xxxxCNTL DD *
INCLUDE COND=(...)
```

ICETOOL Control Statements - COUNT

The COUNT value can optionally be tested against certain conditions with the result used to set a return code (often used in conjunction with MODE)

COUNT FROM(indd) Test-Condition [RC4] [USING(xxxx)]

Test Conditions (n = numeric count value):

EMPTY NOTEMPTY

HIGHER(n) LOWER(n)

EQUAL(n) NOTEQUAL(n)

If the test condition is met, ICETOOL sets RC=12; otherwise, RC is set to 0; whereas, the RC4 operand converts RC12 to RC4

ICETOOL Control Statements - COUNT

COUNT Example: Cease further processing if the input dataset is empty or have the job complete with a Return Code of 4 if the input dataset has more than 10 users with UID of 0

```
//STEPICE EXEC PGM=ICETOOL

//INDD      DD DSN=input,DISP=SHR

//TOOLIN      DD *

MODE STOP

COUNT FROM(INDD) EMPTY

COUNT FROM(INDD) HIGHER(10) USING(UID0) RC4

SORT FROM(INDD) USING(UID0) TO(TEMPDD)

DISPLAY ...

//UID0CNTL DD *

INCLUDE COND=(5,4,CH,EQ,C'0270',AND,19,10,CH,EQ,C'0000000000')

OPTION VLSHRT

//TEMPDD      DD ...
```

ICETOOL Control Statements

OTHER ICETOOL Operators

DEFAULTS Prints DFSORT installation defaults

RANGE Prints count of values in a specific range for a numeric field

SELECT Filters records based on presence of fields

SPLICE Combine contents of multiple input records

STATS Prints statistics for specified numeric fields

UNIQUE Prints count of unique values for character or numeric field

VERIFY Identifies invalid decimal fields

ICETOOL Problem Example

Problem: Identify and report audit status of all dataset profiles with a LEVEL field other than 000.

IRRDBU00 0400 Record

DSBD_RECORD_TYPE	(1,4)	= '0400'
DSBD_AUDIT_LEVEL	(143,8)	
DSBD_LEVEL	(170,3)	Non-zero
DSBD_AUDIT_OKQUAL	(448,8)	
DSBD_AUDIT_FAQUAL	(457,8)	

Note: In the example to follow, both a COPY and SORT statement are used to show how the output from one operator can be used as input to another; this particular set of tasks could have been done with one SORT operator

ICETOOL Problem Example

```
//STEPICE EXEC PGM=ICETOOL, REGION=100M
//DBUNLD
           DD DSN=RLW.R16DBUA, DISP=SHR
//LVLRPT1
           DD DSN=RLW.SORTED1,DISP=SHR
//LVLRPT2
           DD DSN=RLW.SORTED2, DISP=SHR
//LISTOUT
           DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//TOOLIN
           DD *
COPY FROM(DBUNLD) TO(LVLRPT1) USING(LVL1)
SORT FROM(LVLRPT1) TO(LVLRPT2) USING(LVL2)
DISPLAY FROM(LVLRPT2) LIST(LISTOUT) -
HEADER('PROFILE')
                        ON(10,44,CH) -
HEADER('LEVEL')
                     ON(175, 2, CH) -
HEADER('AUDIT LEVEL') ON(147,8,CH) -
HEADER('AUDIT SUCCESS') ON(452,8,CH) -
HEADER('AUDIT FAILURES') ON(461,8,CH)
//LVL1CNTL DD *
 OPTION VLSHRT
 OUTFIL FNAMES=LVLRPT1,
 INCLUDE=((5,4,CH,EQ,C'0400'),AND,(174,3,CH,NE,C'000'))
//LVL2CNTL DD *
 SORT FIELDS=(174,3,CH,A)
```

Hints and Tips

ICEGENER

- DFSORT program replacement for z/OS utility IEBGENER
- Uses EXCP processing for I/O
- Performance improvements depend on file size
- Can realize from 50% to 90% reduction in CPU utilization

Hints and Tips

SYMBOLIC NAMES

- Can be used to define fields and constants
- Similar to Copy Books and DSECTs
- Provide symbolic definitions in DD statement SYMNAMES
- DFSORT shows substitutions in DD statement SYMNOUT
- Addresses DFSORT constraints
- User needs to do the research and preparation of input.

Example:

```
//SYMNAMES DD *
RECTYPE,1,4,CH
GROUPTYPE,C'0101'
OWNER-GROUP,10,8,CH
//DFSPARM DD *
INCLUDE=(RECTYPE,EQ,GROUPTYPE,AND,GROUPNAME,EQ,C'SYS1 ')
```

Hints and Tips

PREPARE AND TEST

- Experiment with operators and operands
- Become familiar with files you have available for use
- Use DFSORT to assist programs that filter input
- Don't wait until there is a deadline
 - Prepare record layouts for files
 - Build dataset and store Symbolic Names
 - Build JCL library with a example of each control statement
 - Test each member in the JCL library

References

IBM Manuals

•	SC26-7524	z/OS DFSORT Installation and Customization
•	SC26-7527	z/OS DFSORT: Getting Started
•	SC26-7523	z/OS DFSORT: Application Programming Guide
•	SC26-7525	z/OS DFSORT: Messages, Codes, and Diagnosis Guide
•	SC26-7526	z/OS DFSORT: z/OS DFSORT Tuning Guide
•	GC26-7037	DFSORT Panels Guide
•	SA22-7682	Security Server RACF Macros and Interfaces
•	SA22-7684	Security Server RACF Auditor's Guide
•	SG24-5627	OS/390 Security Server 1999 Updates Technical Presentation Guide

DFSORT Home Page

http://ibm.com/storage/dfsort

Ask Professor Sort

http://ibm.com/systems/support/storage/software/sort/mvs/professor_sort

"RACF and DFSORT Security Analysis Tools", Mark Nelson & Frank Yaeger, Technical Support, October 1996

References

IBM Supplied ICETOOL Examples

SYS1.SAMPLIB(IRRICE)

RACFICE Downloads Page

- http://ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zos/racf/racfice.html
- The RACFICE tool consists of these files:
 - Documentation for RACFICE in PDF format (105K)
 - Source code for RACFICE in TSO TRANSMIT format (652K)
 - Sample IRRDBU00 data in TSO TRANSMIT format (625K)
 - Sample IRRADU00 data in TSO TRANSMIT format (6.2M)
 - Source code for RACFICE in IEBUPDTE format (653K)
- Files include SYMNAMES for the unload file record fields
- Since the introduction of the SYS1.SAMPLIB member with OS/390 2.8, these files have not been maintained